

# 土木工程拓展署 環保報告 2016

# Civil Engineering and Development Department Environmental Report 2016

# 我們的環保政策與工作

我們在建造工程的各個階段,均非常注重環境的保護,致力履行綜合管理系統政策下所訂定的各項承擔,包括:

- 遵守與保護環境相關的法例及其他規定
- 創建安全、綠化及可持續發展的環境
- 監督承建商的表現,確保他們遵守本署的環保規定
- 避免環境污染,並致力緩解因工程項目及部門運作 而可能對環境構成的影響
- 在可行的情況下,奉行以下原則:資源減省、資源 再用和資源循環再造
- 為持續改進表現,定期檢討綜合管理系統的成效以及其目標和指標

我們還推行了一套環境管理系統,並已取得 ISO14001 認 證。我們的環保措施和綠化成果,亦獲得專業團體的認 同。

## **Our Environmental Policy and Activities**

We place due emphasis on environmental protection considerations in all stages of our construction projects, which are achieved through the following commitments in our Integrated Management System (IMS) Policy:

- Complying with legal and other requirements relevant to environmental protection
- Creating a safe, green and sustainable environment
- Monitoring the performance of our contractors to ensure their compliance with our requirements on environmental protection
- Preventing pollution and mitigating potential environmental impacts arising from our projects and operations
- Observing the principles of reduction of consumption, reuse and recycling of resources wherever practicable
- Achieving continual improvement through regular review of the effectiveness of our IMS as well as its Objectives and Targets

We have also implemented an environmental management system and obtained ISO14001 Certification. Our environmental measures and greening achievements have been well recognized by professional bodies.

## 綠色辦公室

我們積極履行「清新空氣約章」的承諾。在 2016 年, 總部大樓連續第 14 年獲頒發室內空氣質素良好級檢定 證書,而總部以外的辦事處亦同樣獲頒合共 12 張良好 級檢定證書。

我們繼續履行「減碳約章」的承諾。在2015年7月至2016年6月期間,總部大樓的運作直接產生的二氧化碳約為37公噸,而通過用水用電間接排放的二氧化碳則為2,260公噸。二氧化碳的總排放量比上一年同期少2公噸。

## 耗雷量

#### (甲) 節省用電

本署大樓的總耗電量減少了 7.02%,由 2013 年的 三百三十六萬二千度減少至 2016年的三百一十二 萬六千度。

## (乙) 節省用電措施

在 2016 年度, 本署推行的節省用電措施如下:

- (1) 日常運作 本署繼續積極提醒同事採取日 常節能措施(如在離開辦公室時關掉電燈及 電腦)。
- (2) 節能方案 以 T5 光管取代大樓內的傳統光 管以及更換較節能的升降機。此外,本署一 直與機電工程署保持聯繫,探討各種可行的 節能方案。

#### **Green Office**

We actively fulfilled our commitment under the "Clean Air Charter". Up to 2016, the Civil Engineering and Development (CED) Building has been awarded the "Good Class" Indoor Air Quality Certificate consecutively for fourteen years. Similarly, our outstation offices were also awarded a total of twelve "Good Class" Indoor Air Quality Certificates.

We continued to fulfill our obligations under the "Carbon Reduction Charter". From July 2015 to June 2016, the amount of carbon dioxide generated directly by the operation of the CED Building was about 37 tonnes, while the amount emitted indirectly through water and electricity consumption was about 2,260 tonnes. The total amount of carbon dioxide emitted was 2 tonnes less than that of the same period of the preceding year.

## **Electricity Consumption**

#### (a) Saving in Electricity Consumption

The total electricity consumption of the CED Building has been reduced by 7.02%, from 3.362 million kWh in 2013 to 3.126 million kWh in 2016.

## (b) Electricity Saving Measures

In 2016, we have implemented the following electricity saving measures:

- (1) Housekeeping measures we have continued to proactively remind colleagues to adopt daily energy saving measures (e.g. switching off lighting and shutting down computers when away from office).
- (2) Electricity saving projects we have replaced the existing fluorescent tubes in the CED Building by T5 tubes and upgraded the elevators to models that are more energy efficient. In addition, we have kept liaising with the EMSD to explore feasible energy saving opportunities.

# 2016年的環保表現

我們每年訂定環保目標和指標,務求在環保表現方面得 到持續改善。2016年的工作成效如下:

#### **Environmental Performance 2016**

To achieve continuous improvement in our environmental performance, we have set annual environmental objectives and targets. Below is a summary of our achievement in 2016:

#### 環保指標

- 減少總用紙量,較 2003 年少 22.5%
- 以環保紙取代普通紙至總用紙量的 48%
- 減少本署大樓的總用電量,較2013年少2%
- 本年度美化 150 幅在「長遠防治山泥傾瀉計劃」下 鞏固的斜坡
- 本年度種植至少83萬棵樹/灌木

#### **Environmental Targets**

- Reduce total paper consumption by 22.5% as compared with that in 2003
- Substitute 48% of normal plain paper with recycled paper
- Reduce total electricity consumption of the CED Building by 2% as compared with that in 2013
- Landscape 150 upgraded slopes under the Landslip Prevention and Mitigation Programme in this year
- Plant at least 0.83 million trees/shrubs in this year

#### 成績

- 總用紙量較 2003 年減少 33.8%
- 環保紙佔總用紙量的 48.8%
- 本署大樓的總用電量較 2013 年減少 7.02%
- 本年度已美化 165 幅在「長遠防治山泥傾瀉計 劃」下鞏固的斜坡
- 本年度已種植 117 萬棵樹/灌木

#### **Achievement**

- Total paper consumption reduced by 33.8% when compared with that in 2003
- Recycled paper accounted for 48.8% of total paper consumption
- Electricity consumption of the CED Building reduced by 7.02% when compared with that in 2013
- 165 upgraded slopes under the Landslip Prevention and Mitigation Programme have been landscaped in this year
- 1.17 million trees/shrubs have been planted in this year

**Environmental Mitigation** 

Implementing good tree protection works and

Measures

## 緩解環境影響的措施

於工地實施良好的樹木 保護工作及樹木保育方 案



Kai Tak Development

tree preservation

programme on site

啟德發展計劃

利用收集到的雨水降低 地盤辦公室的室內溫 度,有助節省空調能源



Use of collected rain water to lower indoor temperature of site office which helps conserving energy on air-conditioning

啟德發展計劃

Kai Tak Development

於地盤辦公室安裝電燈 佔用感應器和電力計時 裝置以達致節能效益



Installation of lighting occupancy sensor and power timer at the site office to achieve energy saving

防治山泥傾瀉工程

Landslip Prevention and Mitigation Works

以柵欄圍封保護斜坡工 程附近的稀有及珍貴品 種植物



Use of protective fencing to protect rare and precious plant

**Environmental Mitigation** 

Measures

species near slope upgrading works

防治山泥傾瀉工程

Landslip Prevention and Mitigation Works

# 使用隔泥幕以緩解建造 海堤時對水質的影響



Use of silt curtain to mitigate impacts on water quality during construction of seawall

灣仔發展計劃第二期工程

Wan Chai Development Phase II

# 使用太陽能警告燈 代替傳統警告燈



Use of solar powered warning lanterns to replace the conventional warning lanterns

灣仔發展計劃第二期工程

Wan Chai Development Phase II

# 以自動灑水方式抑制塵 埃產生



**Environmental Mitigation Measures** 

Use of automatic water sprinkler to suppress dust generation

灣仔發展計劃第二期工程

Wan Chai Development Phase II

# 使用電動汽車



Use of electric vehicle

暢道通行工程

Universal Accessibility Projects

# 採用機械式通風升降 機,以取代舊有的空調 系統設計



Adoption of mechanical ventilation system for lifts instead of airconditioning

暢道通行工程

Universal Accessibility Projects

**Environmental Mitigation Measures** 

# 使用超低硫柴油



Use of ultra-low sulphur diesel (ULSD)

暢道通行工程

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採用遙控混凝土破碎機 於完全圍封範圍內進行 拆卸工程,以降低噪音 /塵埃產生及對工人的 影響



Use of remote control concrete crusher for demolition in fully enclosed area to minimize noise/dust generation and impact to workers

暢道通行工程

Universal Accessibility Projects

於地盤辦公室樓頂及臨 時交通指示燈牌安裝太 陽能電板作為照明電源 及顯示



Installation of solar panels at roof of the site accommodation and temporary traffic signage for lighting and display purpose

暢道通行工程

Universal Accessibility Projects

採用切割及運至他方再 作打碎的方法進行拆卸 工程,以降低噪音和抑 制塵埃產生



**Environmental Mitigation Measures** 

Adoption of cut and non in-situ breaking method to minimize noise and dust generated

暢道通行工程

Universal Accessibility Projects

於打石工程時採用液壓 分裂機,以降低噪音和 抑制塵埃產生



Adoption of hydraulic splitting method for rock breaking to minimize noise and dust generated

暢道通行工程

Universal Accessibility Projects